WHY IS THE TORAH IMPORTANT IN JUDAISM? Knowledge Organiser Term 4

Key Vocabulary			je da	4	1	Por and the second seco	
Judaism	The religion of Jewish people					Church Res Start and	
Orthodox	Those who follow traditional Jewish practices					Busy Bas The	
Reform	Jewish people who take a more modern approach and do not follow the traditional rules as rigidly. These communities are also known as progressive		Ner tamid	Sefer To	orah	Kosher Non-Kosher An example of kosher / non- kosher meat.	
Sefer Torah	The Jewish scriptures, which include the first 5 books of the Old Testament. A Sefer Torah is a large scroll containing these texts, usually kept in the synagogue.					An example of an ark in the	
Shema	The most ancient Jewish prayer in the Torah. It proclaims that there is only one God.		Man wearing tefillin	Bimah		synagogue	
Tefillin	Small black leather cubic boxes (with straps for wearing) that containing verses from the Torah.	•	There are two main types of Jewish			 Iewish people follow rules about which foods they 	
Kosher	Foods which Jewish people are allowed to eat		community: Orthodox , who f traditional rules and Reform , more modern approach.	orm , who take a	can eat. Meat should be from animals with split hooves and which chew the cud; fish should have fins and scales - no eating shellfish; no eating		
Hescher	A symbol on food to show that it is kosher.	•	The Shema , from the book of	:		sects; milk and meat should not be eaten	
Ark	Holy cabinet in a synagogue where the Torah is kept.		Deuteronomy is the most and important prayer in Judaism	yer in Judaism and t there is one God. beople (usually orthodox ap tefillin to their arms and hey carry the sacred texts	• Tł	 together. Food that can be eaten is called kosher. The Sefer Torah is a scroll containing the first five 	
Ner tamid	A light that hangs above the ark in every synagogue which is always kept alight.	•	Some Jewish people (usually		books of the bible. It is handled with great respect and care. It is kept in the ark in the synagogue over which hangs the ner tamid , a lamp that is		
Bimah	The raised platform in a synagogue from which the torah is read.	•	head so that they carry the sa with them. Jewish communities place a h		always alight. The Torah is read from the bimah during services, when a special pointer called a yad is used to avoid touching the scroll.		
Avot melakhah	The list of all the things that Jewish people are not allowed to do on the sabbath (Shabbat).	2 1	coming together to recall the past, to tell stories of God's dealings with the Jewish people, to practise following God's commands, and to celebrate together.	past, to tell the Jewish God's	Sł pe cc	The Jewish day of rest (or sabbath) is called Shabbat. There are many rules about what Jewish people are not allowed to do: no working, no cooking.no driving, no using the telephone, no laundry, no handling of money.	